

REGULAR CONTINUATION-IN-PART

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**SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR PROVIDING IMAGE
PRODUCTS AND/OR SERVICES**

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**SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR PROVIDING IMAGE
PRODUCTS AND/OR SERVICES**

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This is a continuation-in-part of application Serial No. 09/534,471,
5 filed March 24, 2000, entitled "Leasing A Configured Camera System" to
Parulski; and cross references the following.

U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/534,469, filed March 24,
2000, entitled "Configuring and Purchasing Imaging Devices" to Parulski;

U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/534,470, filed March 24,
10 2000, entitled "Purchasing Configured Photographic Film Products" to Parulski;

U.S. Provisional Patent Application Serial No. 60/137,078, filed
June 2, 1999 entitled "Method and Apparatus for Providing a User Customizable
Digital Camera" to Girish Prabhu et al., and

sub c17 U. S. Serial No. _____, filed _____, entitled
15 "A Method For Providing Image Goods And/Or Services"; Docket No.
80724P/F-P(03) to Dale F. McIntyre et al.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a system and method of bundling
image capture and printing technologies into products and/or services that are paid
20 for by a user, consumer or customer with a subscription fee. More specifically,
the present invention relates to a system and method of providing photographic
services, in which a selected and/ or specially configured camera and a selected
photographic product/service associated with the camera is provided. The present
invention also includes using the Internet or other electronic network for the
25 purchasing or registration of such goods and services.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Digital cameras, film cameras, printers, and other imaging devices
can be purchased in stores or over the Internet from the Eastman Kodak Company
at kodak.com or other web sites. The web site may provide text, pictures, and
30 even animated graphics describing and comparing various product models.

However, the same standard product, defined by the stock keeping unit (SKU), is shipped to everyone who decides to buy that particular product.

Some products (such as golf shirts) that can be ordered over the Internet, or via phone or the U.S. mail service, can be ordered in a particular color with a personalized monogram or name. In this case, the letters of the monogram/name are sent to the location where the shirt is personalized, where the letters are manually loaded into a sewing machine that physically stitches the monogram into the shirt.

U.S. Patent No. 5,960,411 discloses an arrangement for ordering merchandise over the Internet. Computers can also be ordered over the Internet. See, for example, the Dell computer Internet site at www.dell.com. Using this site, different configurations of a Dell computer can be purchased. The customer can buy a "standard" configuration of a particular model computer, or can instead select (using pull-down menus) various options. A "learn more" link next to each option enables the user to understand the differences between these options in order to select the most appropriate option. Prior art patents related to customizing computer systems include U.S. Patent No. 5,894,571, U.S. Patent No. 5,995,757 and U.S. Patent No. 5,991,543, and U.S. Patent No. 5,963,743. These patents relate to ordering selected equipment over the Internet, but the equipment that is produced is defined entirely by the user selections from pre-existing menus. The user does not upload personal data or digital images that are used to personalize the computers or other merchandise.

A digital camera system, described in commonly-assigned U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 60/137,078 (Docket 79,556), filed June 2, 1999 entitled "Method and Apparatus for Providing a User Customizable Digital Camera", the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference, includes the ability to download, from the Internet, special software components that can be used to "upgrade" a camera to provide personalized capabilities, or to personalize a camera in a retail store as the camera is sold.

The ability to customize a camera after purchase using a memory card (for example, by providing a template background into which an image is placed) is described in commonly-assigned U.S. Patent No. 5,477,264 to Sarbadhikari et al., the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference.

5 The ability to provide camera defect data from a camera manufacturing site over a network to an interactive control node which corrects images provided by a digital camera is described in U.S. Patent No. 5,606,385, to Maurinus et al.

10 Commonly-assigned U.S. Patent No. 5,758,216 to Arnold, the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference, describes a single use camera having pre-exposed latent images of symbols that are combined with captured images.

15 On a web page found at <http://www.bestcameras.com/> a user can order single-use cameras in a variety of cover designs. The user can call a phone number posted at the web site and have a template mailed to the user in Adobe Illustrator format. The user can modify the design in the template and mail back the file, where it can be printed and attached to the outside case of a single use camera. The user can also order single use cameras on-line. The user can choose between several printed paper cover style options, and can personalize the cover
20 with a text message imprinted using the color of text that he or she selects.

 The camera company (<http://www.thecamera.co.uk>) enables a user to order customized single use cameras. The customer mails the company logo, photographs, or other literature to the company, which designs a camera for the customer, having a customized printed paper cover for a group of cameras.

25 Digital cameras are also increasingly being improved with respect to picture quality and image storage. These improved digital cameras, and the products and services associated with the cameras can in some cases be prohibitively expensive. The conventional approach to the purchase of cameras and photographic products/services does not provide a cost efficient and
30 convenient way to obtain and use a variety of cameras, such as high end, high

priced digital cameras, while at the same time taking advantage of the vast array of photographic products and services which are available.

Further, the conventional approach to photography and the purchasing of cameras and associated products and services, does not give a consumer the opportunity to bundle and customize specific photographic products and/or services with a selected camera for a specified fee and time; and the further opportunity to keep the camera at no cost, exchange the camera for a new camera or purchase the camera at a reduced rate at the end of a predetermined time period.

It has also become increasingly popular to share digital images, particular over the internet. However, this has been limited to individuals having relatively expensive computers for the capture and/or transmission of digital. In addition when such personal computers are used, the digital data files are transmitted over standard phone lines. Transmission over conventional phone lines generally takes substantial amounts of time to due to the limited capacity of the typical phone lines. Thus there is a need to expand the number of individuals that accept and transmit digital images without requiring substantial investment in equipment such as personal computer.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Sub c 2
The present invention provides for a system and method of providing photographic products and/or services to a consumer. With the system and method of the present invention, a consumer has the option of selecting a camera from, for example, a menu of cameras, and further to select a type of photographic service which the user wants associated with the selected camera to create a photographic product/service plan. The photographic product/service plan would be in the form of a subscription or contract, and would be set for a predetermined time, for example, one year, and at a predetermined fee, for example, a monthly fee. As an example, under the product/service plan, the consumer would use the selected camera for a year, and be offered the selected photographic services and/or products for images captured by the camera, either for a monthly fee or a yearly fee. As a further option, after the expiration of the

Sub C2 service plan, the consumer can either keep the selected camera at no cost, purchase the camera at a reduced price, or exchange the camera for a new camera.

The present invention provides for a method of providing photographic products and/or services which comprises the steps of selecting a camera; selecting a photographic product/service plan from a menu of
5 photographic product/service plans; associating the selected camera with the selected photographic product/service plan and creating a product/service plan account indicative thereof; and entering the product/service plan account into a computer database to maintain a record of photographic products and/or services
10 provided in accordance with the selected photographic product/service plan.

Sub C3 The present invention further relates to a method of providing photographic products and/or services to a consumer which comprises the steps of selecting a camera and photographic products and/or services which are to be associated with the camera for a predetermined time period, such that the
15 photographic products and/or services are provided to images captured by the selected camera; and maintaining an account of the photographic products and/or services as the photographic products and/or services are provided to the consumer.

Sub C4 The present invention further relates to a method of providing photographic products and/or services which comprises the steps of selecting a camera and photographic products and/or services which are to be associated with the camera for a predetermined time period, such that the photographic products and/or services are provided to film exposed by the selected camera; and maintaining a record of photographic products and/or services as the photographic
20 products and/or services are provided to a user.

Sub C5 The present invention further relates to a system for providing photographic products and/or services which comprises a photographic product/service input station into which information with respect to a selected camera and a selected photographic product/service plan which is to be associated
25 with the selected camera is input. The photographic product/service input station
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Ans C67

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providing personalized digital imaging products;

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personalized as part of the purchase transaction;

personalized as part of the purchase transaction;

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as part of the purchase transaction;

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time use film camera depicted in FIG. 7;

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FIG. 11 is a flow diagram of a typical lease transaction for providing personalized digital imaging products and services; and

FIG. 12 depicts a block diagram of a modified system made in accordance with the present invention.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

In accordance with the present invention, a method is described for configuring cameras or other imaging devices. A customer, such as a purchaser or lessor, selects various camera features, provided by corresponding software programs. The software programs can be, for example, various firmware modules executed by a processor that controls the imaging device. The customer provides a payment identifier, such as a credit card or debit card number, specifying an account to be debited to pay for the camera. A camera configured to include the features selected by the customer, provided by the corresponding software programs, is then sent to a designee of the customer. The customer's designee can, of course, be the customer.

In accordance with another embodiment of the present invention, a customer selects various camera features and imaging services. Such services can include storing digital image files from the selected camera on-line, or producing digital prints or digital storage products (e.g., CD-R discs) from digital images from the selected camera. The customer completes a lease agreement and provides a payment identifier. A camera configured to include the features selected by the customer is then sent to a designee of the customer, and a service account is established to specify the selected services that the designee is entitled to use.

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In accordance with another embodiment of the present invention, the customer also provides personal digital data identifying the designee. This personal digital data can include ASCII text providing the designee's name, mailing address, phone number, or e-mail address, and a digital image of the designee. This digital data is then stored in the digital imaging device and can be

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displayed to determine the owner, in case the digital imaging device is lost or stolen.

In accordance with another embodiment of the present invention, the customer orders a lot of one-time use (OTU) cameras or a lot of film rolls, for a particular event with which the customer is associated. The lot can, for example, include several thousand film rolls for an event such as the Rose Bowl parade or a few dozen OTU cameras for an event such as an anniversary party. The customer provides one or more digital images, which are then pre-exposed onto the first film frame(s) of the film in the OTU cameras, or the film rolls. The customer can also provide images, graphics, or text messages which are included on a label attached to the OTU camera.

As shown in FIG. 1, the system includes a computer (and associated peripherals) 10 located at the customer, such as the purchaser or lessor's location (e.g., their home). The system also includes a network service provider, such as Internet service provider (ISP) equipment 30 located at the ISP's location, which communicates with the computer 10 to provide a network connection for the purchaser/lessor to a channel 36, such as the Internet. The system further includes a product customization center 40 which communicates with the computer 10 via the channel 36 and the ISP 30 to perform the steps of selecting, configuring, purchasing, billing, and shipping a customized imaging device 80. The product customization center 40 includes an electronic database 44, which is located remote from the computer 10.

The products to be customized (e.g., the digital cameras to be customized) can be manufactured or assembled at the product customization center 40. Alternatively, they can be manufactured at a different location, and shipped to the product customization center 40 where they are customized. The various portions of the product customization center 40 can be located in a single building or complex of adjacent buildings, or can be geographically disbursed over several sites in different cities or even different continents. For example, the electronic database 44 and a manufacturing customization computer 52 can be

located in different cities and interconnected via a suitable digital communications network, such as the Internet. Furthermore, the electronic database 44 can itself be distributed over several computers in several different locations.

The computer 10, which can be, for example, a Dell Dimension
5 XPS M200, includes a CPU motherboard 12, using, for example, a Pentium 200
MHz MMX processor as well as RAM memory. The CPU motherboard 12
executes software stored on a hard drive 20, for example, the well-known
Windows 98 operating system software and the Internet Explorer web browser
software, both provided by Microsoft Corp. of Redmond, WA. The CPU
10 motherboard 12 is directly coupled to a display monitor 14 and a keyboard 16. A
mouse 18 permits the customer to readily communicate with the CPU
motherboard 12. The CPU motherboard 12 communicates with a color
scanner 24, such as a Microtek ScanMaker E6, which can scan a photograph, for
example, a picture of the customer or the designee of the customer, and store the
15 digital image of the photograph on the hard drive 20. The customer's computer 10
also includes a dial-in modem 22 for communicating with the ISP 30 in order to
connect to a channel 36, such as the Internet.

The ISP 30, for example, Earthlink Network, Inc. of Pasadena, CA,
includes banks of modems 32, one of which is connected to communicate with the
20 modem 22 of the customer's computer 10. The modem 32 in turn communicates
with computers / routers 34 in order to provide a connection to the channel 36
using equipment and techniques well known to those skilled in the art.

The product customization center 40 is connected to the
channel 36, such as the Internet, by a network server, such as Internet server 42,
25 which is comprised of one or more computers and associated peripherals. The
electronic database 44 provides information describing numerous imaging
devices 80, such as digital cameras, APS film cameras, digital printers, image
display devices, and the like. The electronic database 44 includes information
describing different features of these devices that can be selected and customized
30 by the customer using the customer's computer 10.

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The electronic database 44 further includes software programs, for example, JAVA applets, MPEG or QuickTime movies, or Shockwave files, which depict the functionality of features that the customer can choose. The software programs may demonstrate features, such as in-camera red-eye removal using
5 images provided as part of the electronic database 44. In this case, the program shows a "before processing" picture having red-eye, and an "after processing" picture which has been processed to remove red-eye. Alternatively, the software program may demonstrate features using customer supplied images, such as images provided using the scanner 24. In this case, the user can observe the
10 effects of the feature, such as red-eye removal, using their personal images in order to better judge the value of a particular feature. The "before" picture is supplied by the user, and the "after" picture is processed using software supplied by the electronic database 44. This software can process the image on the user's host computer 12 by using, for example, a JAVA applet. Alternatively, the user's
15 image may be transferred via the ISP 30 and the channel 36 to the Internet Server 42 and processed. The "after processing" image can then be transferred from the Internet Server 42 to the user's computer 10 for viewing on the display monitor 14.

The electronic database 44 can be contained on the same computer
20 as the Internet server 42, or can utilize a separate computer, or can be distributed over several computers at the same physical site, or at different sites.

When a customized imaging device 80 is purchased, the electronic database 44 communicates with a billing system 46 to verify that the payment identifier (e.g., credit card or debit card number) provided by the customer is
25 valid, and to debit the account for the purchase. The customer's account that is debited can, of course, be located at a remote financial institution. Typically, as with credit cards, this financial institution will make payment to the direct provider or seller of the imaging device 80. This is generally done by wiring the amount into the direct provider's account, generally an account established with
30 another financial institution.

As shown in FIG. 1, the electronic database 44 is connected to a manufacturing customization computer 52 that forms part of a product configuration system 50. The product configuration system 50 provides and downloads software programs, such as customized firmware modules, to the imaging devices 80 in order to configure the imaging devices 80 to provide the customer selected features. The firmware downloaded to a particular digital imaging device 80 includes firmware selected from a product firmware database 54 in response to purchaser / lessor selections, and personal digital data provided by the customer, such as name and address information, or a digital picture. The manufacturing customization computer 52 is also connected to a product label printer 58 which produces custom product labels 60 which can be affixed to the imaging devices 80.

The manufacturing customization computer 52 also communicates with a shipping system 70 that controls a shipping label printer 72 to produce a shipping label 74. The shipping label 74 is attached to a shipping container (e.g., a cardboard box) that contains and protects the properly configured imaging device 80 during shipment (e.g., via air express mail, ground carrier, etc.) to the customer's designee.

Turning now to FIG. 2, there is shown a flow diagram of a typical purchase transaction for providing personalized digital imaging products. As shown in block 100, the customer, using a digital communication network, logs onto the channel 36, which can be the Internet. The customer can, of course, use a service provider, such as the ISP 30, to gain access to the channel 36. The ISP 30 uses an address, such as an Internet protocol (IP) address, to establish a connection between the customer's computer 10 and a product provider or seller which owns or controls the product customization center 40.

In block 102, the product provider provides the customer with a menu of imaging devices 80 that are available for configuration, such as an electronic camera 300 depicted in FIG. 3, a film camera 350 depicted in FIG. 4, a

digital printer 400 depicted in FIG. 5, and a digital image display device 500 depicted in FIG. 6.

In block 104, the customer selects a desired type of imaging device 80 to be purchased, for example, the electronic camera 300. At that point, in block 106, a menu of customizable features that can be selected, and corresponding prices, is presented to the customer. In block 108, the customer customizes the features of the desired electronic camera 300 so as to select a desired configuration for the electronic camera 300.

The features from which the customer can select may include features such as:

Configuring the electronic camera 300 to provide different types of color images, such as monochrome, sepia, false-color, or super saturated color images or special effects filters (e.g., a digital star filter effect);

Configuring the electronic camera 300 to support various image resolution or compression levels, compression algorithms, or image file formats;

Configuring the electronic camera 300 to provide the ability to modify captured images as they are processed, such as by digital zooming and cropping, tone or color adjustments, or sharpness adjustments;

Configuring the electronic camera 300 to provide red-eye removal as described in commonly-assigned U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/290,290, filed April 13, 1999 to Fredlund, the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference;

Configuring the electronic camera 300 to provide the ability to select one or more border templates that may be combined with newly captured digital images, as described in commonly-assigned U.S. Patent No. 5,477,264 to Sarbadhikari et al., the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference;

Configuring the electronic camera 300 to group images into various categories or folders, as described in commonly-assigned U.S. Patent No. 5,633,678, the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference;

Configuring the electronic camera 300 to provide print ordering from the camera, as described in commonly-assigned U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 08/977,382, filed November 24, 1997 (docket 75,276) to Parulski, the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference;

5 Configuring the electronic camera 300 to provide the ability to stitch multiple images together to produce panoramic images, such as by using the method described in commonly-assigned U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/224,547, filed December 31, 1998 (docket 77,751) to Parulski, the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference;

10 Configuring the electronic camera 300 to make selected sounds, such as making funny noises as pictures are taken or as various user controls 303 are depressed. One or more sound files can be selected from a group of sound files provided as part of the customization software. For example, one particular sound file can be played each time the capture button is depressed to take a
15 picture, and a different sound file can be played each time a user interface button is depressed when reviewing captured pictures;

 Configuring the electronic camera 300 to include "slide show" capability for automatically reviewing the image on color LCD image display 332 for a selected period (e.g., five seconds per image) including selected "transition"
20 effects (e.g., fades or pulls) from one image to the next;

 Configuring the electronic camera 300 to upload, from the user's computer 10 to the electronic camera 300, particularly memorable personal images which are stored within firmware memory 328 to enable viewing by others via the color image display 332;

25 Configuring the electronic camera 300 to composite multiple images together, for example, using the method and apparatus described in commonly-assigned U.S. Patent No. 5,914,748 to Parulski, the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference;

 Configuring the electronic camera 300 to create html files to
30 produce web pages in the electronic camera, or to provide the ability to e-mail

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images from the electronic camera, for example, as described in commonly-assigned U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/004,046, filed January 7, 1998 (docket 75,275) to Ward, the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference;

5 Configuring the electronic camera 300 to store personal digital data, such as the name, address, and a digital image of the camera owner, in an area of firmware memory 328 (shown in FIG. 3) that cannot be modified by the customer. This information can be displayed on an image display 332 (shown in FIG. 3), such as a color liquid crystal display (LCD), for a specified period (e.g.,
10 five seconds) when the electronic camera 300 is turned on. Alternatively, it can be displayed when the appropriate "camera owner information" mode is selected using user controls 303 in conjunction with a graphical user interface (GUI) displayed on the image display 332; and

 Configuring the electronic camera 300 to include custom labels
15 attached to the camera body providing favorite colors, special messages, or images (such as a picture of the customer's designee, or a favorite logo or cartoon character).

 Depending on the features selected, the customer provides appropriate personalization information that will later be incorporated into the
20 configured electronic camera 300 (block 110 of FIG. 2). Such personalization information can include personal digital data, for example, ASCII text providing the name, mailing address, phone number, or e-mail address of the customer's designee, or a digital image of the customer's designee input using the scanner 24 (shown in FIG. 1) or other forms of digital image input, such as a PictureCD. The
25 personalization information can also include names of people or events to be used to categorize images, an address book of e-mail addresses, preferred colors and styles for graphic user interface (GUI) screens, and preferred menu orderings for selected features, to be displayed on the color LCD image display 332 (shown in FIG. 3). The personalization information can also include one or more border
30 templates selected by the customer. The personalization information can also be a

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message from the customer to the customer's designee. For example, if the purchase is intended as a birthday gift, the personalization information may be the message "Happy 40th Birthday John, from Sue". This message could be displayed for a few seconds each time the imaging device 80 is turned on. The
5 personalization information can also include the preferred colors, messages, logos, or images for custom product labels 60.

Depending on the variety of features supported, different versions of electronic camera 300 can be configured by the product configuration system 50. The different versions can, for example, include different amounts of
10 the firmware memory 328 or use a different capability image processor 320, depending on the type or quantity of features selected by the customer. The appropriate version of electronic camera 300 is determined by the manufacturing customization computer 52 as part of the process of customizing the imaging device 80.

15 In block 112 of FIG. 2, the customer enters delivery and billing information. This information identifies the customer and the customer's designee. It includes addresses of both the customer and the customer's designee. The customer also identifies an account to be debited to pay for the configured electronic camera 300. Often this will be a credit card having a payment identifier
20 that specifies the account of the customer to be charged or debited. Frequently, this will be in a financial institution. The payment identifier can be a credit card number that specifies a particular credit card account. As used in this specification, a credit card will also include a debit card.

After the product provider or seller verifies the customer's account
25 and the availability of the selected imaging device 80, the customer is provided with an electronic agreement form specifying payment and other items such as warranties. If acceptable, the customer typically accepts the agreement by clicking a response box on the graphical user interface of the computer 10. At this point, the financial institution having the customer's account indicates to the
30 product provider or seller that funds are available and designates such funds for

transfer to the product provider or seller. If funds are not available, the customer is so advised and may have to use a different payment identifier.

In block 114, the electronic database 44 provides the product configuration center 50 with the customer's selected configuration, and the
5 personalization information. This can occur immediately after the customer accepts the agreement, or at some later time if there is a backlog of products to be configured and shipped for other customers, or if the particular product to be purchased is on backorder and not immediately available for customization.

In block 118, the manufacturing customization computer 52 shown
10 in FIG. 1 provides the particular software programs required to provide the features selected by the customer for the customer's selected imaging device 80. The manufacturing customization computer 52 obtains the required software, either in the form of compiled firmware modules or source code routines, from the product firmware database 54, and incorporates the personal digital data provided
15 by the customer, to configure the personalized firmware for the imaging device 80. This personalized firmware provides the features selected by the customer in block 108 of FIG. 2 and includes the personalized digital data, such as a digital image of the customer's designee, uploaded by the customer in block 110. If the product firmware database 54 includes camera source code, the source code
20 is compiled to produce firmware capable of being executed by image processor 320, before being downloaded to the electronic camera 300.

In block 120, the manufacturing customization computer 52
downloads the configured firmware from block 118 to the imaging device 80 in order to provide a configured imaging device 80, such as the configured electronic
25 camera 300. The firmware can be downloaded to the imaging device 80 using an cable interface, such as interface cable 342 shown in FIG. 3, which connects between a host interface 322 in the electronic camera 300 and a host computer 340, which in this situation is the manufacturing customization computer 52. The firmware can, alternatively, be downloaded to the imaging
30 device 80 using a removable memory, such as a removable flash memory card 330

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shown in FIG. 3, which connects to a memory card interface 324 in the electronic camera 300. These techniques for downloading firmware to an imaging device are further described in commonly-assigned U.S. Patent No. 5,477,264 to Sarbadhikari et al., the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference.

5 As shown in FIG. 1, the manufacturing customization computer 52 also controls the product label printer 58 in order to produce the custom product labels 60. These labels 60 are then attached, for example, by glue or another lamination process, to the configured imaging device 80. The custom product labels 60 are provided in the color scheme selected by the customer in block 110, and include any special messages, logos, or images (such as a picture of the customer's designee, or a favorite logo or cartoon character) provided by the customer.

10 In block 122, the shipping system 70, which communicates with the manufacturing customization computer 52, controls the shipping label printer 72 to produce the shipping label 74. As previously described with respect to FIG. 1, the configured electronic camera 300 or other imaging device 80 is placed in a shipping container (not shown), and the shipping label 74 is attached to the shipping container.

15 In block 124, the configured electronic camera 300 or other imaging device 80 is delivered to the customer or the customer's designee. The term "delivery" means that the configured electronic camera 300 can be shipped to the customer or the customer's designee by the U.S. Postal Service (USPS) or by a carrier service, such as the United Parcel Service (UPS) or Federal Express. Alternatively, the configured electronic camera 300 can be delivered to a location such as a store where it can be picked up.

20 FIG. 3 is a block diagram showing the electronic camera 300 in more detail, which is a first type of imaging device 80 that can be personalized by the product configuration system 50 depicted in FIG. 1. The electronic camera 300 produces digital images that are stored on the removable memory card 330. The electronic camera 300 includes a zoom lens 312 having zoom and

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focus motor drives 310 and an adjustable aperture and shutter (not shown). The zoom lens 312 focuses light from a scene (not shown) on an image sensor 314, for example, a single-chip color CCD image sensor, using the well-known Bayer color filter pattern. The image sensor 314 is controlled by clock drivers 306. The zoom and focus motors 310 and the clock drivers 306 are controlled by control signals supplied by a control processor and timing generator circuit 304. The control processor and timing generator 304 receives inputs from autofocus and autoexposure detectors 308 and controls a flash 302. The analog output signal from the image sensor 314 is amplified and converted to digital data by the analog signal processing (ASP) and analog-to-digital (A/D) converter circuit 316. The digital data is stored in a DRAM buffer memory 318 and subsequently processed by a processor 320 controlled by the firmware stored in the firmware memory 328, which can be flash EPROM memory.

The processed digital image file is provided to a memory card interface 324 which stores the digital image file on the removable memory card 330. Removable memory cards 330 are known to those skilled in the art. For example, the removable memory card 330 can include memory cards adapted to the PCMCIA card interface standard, as described in the *PC Card Standard, Release 2.0*, published by the Personal Computer Memory Card International Association, Sunnyvale, California, September 1991. The removable memory card 330 can also be adapted to the Compact Flash interface standard, such as described in the *CompactFlash Specification Version 1.3*, published by the CompactFlash Association, Palo Alto, California, August 5, 1998. Other types of digital memory devices, such as magnetic hard drives, magnetic tape, or optical disks, could alternatively be used to store the digital images.

The processor 320 performs color interpolation followed by color and tone correction, in order to produce rendered sRGB image data. The rendered sRGB image data is then JPEG compressed and stored as a JPEG image file on the removable memory card 330. The processor 320 also creates a "thumbnail" size image that is stored in RAM memory 326 and supplied to the color LCD image

display 332, which displays the captured image for the user to review. The electronic camera 300 is controlled by user controls 303, such as a series of user buttons including a shutter release (e.g., capture button) (not shown) which initiates a picture taking operation. The graphical user interface displayed on the color LCD image display 332 is controlled by the user interface portion of the firmware stored in the firmware memory 328. The camera user interface can also include a digital-to-analog (D/A) converter and miniature speaker (not shown) which makes audible sounds when a new picture is taken, or when the user changes modes or advances to review the next stored image. The electronic camera 300 can also include a video output driver and connector (not shown) for displaying the captured images on a TV (not shown).

After a series of images have been taken and stored on the removable memory card 330, the removable memory card 330 can be inserted into a memory card reader (not shown) in the user's host computer 340, which may be the same as the computer 10 in FIG. 1. Alternatively, an interface cable 342 can be used to connect between the host interface 322 in the electronic camera 300 and the corresponding camera interface in the host computer 340. The interface cable 342 may conform to, for example, the well-know universal serial bus (USB) interface specification.

The electronic camera 300 can alternatively be a motion video camera that captures a series of image frames from the image sensor 314 as well as an audio signal from a microphone (not shown). The image processor 320 then processes and compresses the image frames and audio information using a suitable compression method (e.g., MPEG-4 compression) to provide movie files that are stored on the removable flash memory card 330 or different type of digital recording media, such as digital video tape.

As described earlier in connection with FIG. 2, either the removable memory card 330 or the host interface 322 can be used to upload the customized firmware from the manufacturing customization computer 52, when

the electronic camera 300 is configured by the manufacturing customization computer 52 of FIG. 1.

FIG. 4 is a block diagram of an Advanced Photo System (APS) film camera 350, which is a second type of imaging device 80 that can be personalized by the product configuration system 50 depicted in FIG. 1. The APS film camera 350 includes a zoom lens 352 controlled by zoom and focus motors 354 and an adjustable aperture and shutter (not shown) for focusing light from a scene (not shown) onto APS film 380. The aperture size and shutter exposure time are controlled by a control processor 364, which also receives inputs from autofocus and autoexposure detectors 356 and controls a flash 358 to emit light when the ambient light level is low. A film transport unit 362 advances the frames of the APS film 380 under the control of the control processor 364. A magnetic writer unit 360 writes digital data to the film leader, and to each frame, of the APS film 380, under the control of the control processor 364. The control processor 364 executes firmware stored in firmware memory 370, which may be Flash EPROM memory, in response to user inputs from user controls 372. The control processor 364 also provides information to an LCD display 374, which can be a data display with one or more lines of alpha-numeric characters, or a monochrome or color raster image display. RAM memory 368 temporarily stores the data which is displayed on the LCD display 374. Film camera 350 can also include a digital-to-analog (D/A) converter and miniature speaker (not shown) which makes audible sounds when a new picture is taken, or when the user depresses various user controls 372.

A host interface 366 is used to upload the configured firmware from the manufacturing customization computer 52 via an interface cable 367, which can be, for example, an RS-232 serial cable, when the APS film camera 350 is configured by the product configuration system 54 of FIG. 1.

The configured firmware stored in the firmware memory 370 can include personal digital data, for example, the name, address, and a digital image of the customer's designee, or a greeting from the customer to the customer's

designee. This personal digital data can be displayed on the LCD display 374 for a specified period (e.g., five seconds) when the APS film camera 350 is turned on. Alternatively, it can be displayed when the appropriate "camera owner information" mode is selected using the user controls 372 used in conjunction with the LCD display 374. This personal digital data can be used to determine the owner, in case the APS film camera 350 is lost or stolen.

The configured firmware stored in the firmware memory 370 can include messages appropriate for various images, such as "Happy Birthday, John", or "Another Picture of the Smith family." These messages are provided by the customer in block 110 of FIG. 2, and downloaded to configure the APS film camera 350 in block 120 of FIG. 2. The message can be selected by the camera user after taking a picture, and can be then recorded as ASCII text data on the magnetic tracks of the APS film 380. When the APS film 380 is developed and printed, the magnetic tracks of the APS film 380 are read to recover this ASCII text message. The text message can then be printed on the back of the print if the print is made by optically printing the APS film 380. Alternatively, the text message can be printed on a front corner of the print if the print is made by scanning and digitally printing the APS film 380.

FIG. 5 is a block diagram of a digital printer 400, which is a third type of imaging device 80 that can be configured by the manufacturing customization computer 52 depicted in FIG. 1. The digital printer 400 produces digital prints (not shown) from images provided on a removable memory card 430 or via a host interface 442 from a host computer 440. The digital printer 400 includes a media transport mechanism 410, such as a motor-driven roller, for moving hard copy media (e.g., ink jet paper) past a marking apparatus 412 (e.g., a color ink jet head) under the control of a processor 420. The processor 420 controls the marking apparatus 412 to provide controlled amounts of various color inks or dyes in order to produce a pictorial image on the hardcopy media.

Digital image files to be printed can be provided on a memory card 430 that interfaces to the processor 420 via a memory card interface 424.

The memory card 430 can be adapted to the PCMCIA card interface specification, the *CompactFlash* specification, or similar specifications. If the image to be printed is supplied in a compressed image format (e.g., JPEG compression), the processor 420 decompresses the image. The processor 420 can also provide
5 interpolation, color and tone correction, half-toning, sharpening, or other types of digital image processing to prepare the image data properly to be used by the marking apparatus 412.

The processor 420 is controlled by firmware stored in firmware memory 428. The digital printer 400 includes a display 432, which can be a simple
10 status display, or which can, alternatively, be a raster image display. If the display 432 is a status LCD, the user selects prints by picture number, or alternatively, by creating a print order file, using, for example, the "Digital Print Order Format" (DPOF) specification, when the pictures are stored on the memory card 430.

If the display 432 is a raster image display, the processor 420
15 downloads the "thumbnail" size images from the images provided on the memory card 430, which are stored in RAM memory 426 and supplied to the display 432, so that the user can select the images to be printed using user controls 430. The graphical user interface displayed on the display 432 is controlled by the user
20 interface portion of the firmware stored in the firmware memory 428.

The printer 400 can also include a D/A converter and miniature speaker (not shown) which makes audible sounds when a print is finished and ready to be viewed, or when various user controls 430 are depressed. These sound files can be selected by the user in block 108 of FIG. 1, and stored in firmware
25 memory 428. Instead of a raster image display, the printer can include a video output driver and connector (not shown) for displaying the selected images on a TV receiver (not shown).

Either the removable memory card 430 or the host interface 422
can be used to upload the customized firmware to the firmware memory 428 from
30 the manufacturing customization computer 52 (shown in FIG. 1), as described

earlier in connection with FIG. 2, when the digital printer 400 is configured by the product configuration system 50 of FIG. 1.

5 The configured firmware stored in the firmware memory 428 can include personal digital data, for example, the name, address, and a digital image of the customer's designee, or a greeting from the customer to the customer's designee. If the display 432 is a raster image display, this personal digital data can be displayed on the display 432 for a specified period (e.g., five seconds) when the digital printer 400 is turned on. Alternatively, if the display 432 is a status display incapable of displaying images, the personal digital data can be printed by the
10 marking apparatus 412 onto the hardcopy media (not shown) when the "print camera owner information" mode is selected using the user controls 432 used in conjunction with the status display 432. Alternatively, this personal digital data can be printed as part of a test print mode included to test the operation of the digital printer 400. This personal digital data can be used to determine the owner,
15 in case the digital printer 400, which can be a small portable device, is lost or stolen.

The configured firmware stored in the firmware memory 428 can include firmware that provides various other features, selected by the customer in block 110 of FIG. 2. These features can include:

20 Configuring the digital printer 400 to selectively modify the color images to produce different types of digital images before printing, in order to produce monochrome, sepia, false-color, or super saturated color prints;

Configuring the digital printer 400 to support various image file formats, such as JPEG, TIFF, and JPEG2000;

25 Configuring the digital printer 400 to provide the ability to modify captured images as they are processed, such as by digital zooming and cropping, tone or color adjustments, or sharpness adjustments;

Configuring the digital printer 400 to provide red-eye removal prior to printing images;

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Configuring the digital printer 400 to provide the ability to select one or more border templates that can be combined with the images to be printed, as described in commonly-assigned U.S. Patent No. 5,477,264 to Sarbadhikari et al.;

5 Configuring the digital printer 400 to provide support for printing the images defined in a print ordering file (for example, a DPOF file), as described in commonly-assigned U.S. Patent Application Serial No.08/977,382, filed November 24, 1997 (docket 75,276) to Parulski, the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference; and

10 Configuring the digital printer 400 to provide the ability to stitch multiple images together to produce panoramic images, such as by using the method described in commonly-assigned U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/224,547, filed December 31,1998 (docket 77,751) to Parulski, the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference.

15 FIG. 6 is a block diagram of a digital image display device 500, which is a fourth type of imaging device 80 that can be personalized by the product configuration system 50 depicted in FIG. 1. The digital image display device 500 produces an image on a color image display 532, such as a color LCD, from images provided on a removable memory card 530 or via a host interface
20 542 from a host computer 540. If the image to be displayed is supplied in a compressed image format (e.g., JPEG compression), a processor 520 decompresses the image. The processor 520 can also provide decimation to produce an appropriately sized digital image for the color image display 532. The processor 520 can further provide color and tone correction, sharpening, or other
25 types of digital image processing prior to displaying the image.

 The processor 520 is controlled by firmware stored in firmware memory 528. The processor 520 creates appropriately sized images that are stored in RAM memory 526 and provided to the color image display 532. The user can select the images to be viewed using user controls 530. The graphical user
30 interface displayed on the color image display 532 is controlled by the user

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interface portion of the firmware stored in the firmware memory 528. Instead of including a color image display as part of the digital image display device 500, the digital image display device 500 can include a video output driver and connector (not shown) for displaying the selected images on a TV receiver(not shown). The
5 digital image display device 500 can also include a modem 544 for transmitting and receiving images.

Either the removable memory card 530 or the host interface 522 can be used to upload the customized firmware from the manufacturing customization computer 52, as described earlier in relation to FIG. 1, when the
10 digital image display device 500 is configured by the product configuration system 54 of FIG. 1.

The configured firmware stored in the firmware memory 528 can include personal digital data, for example, the name, address, and a digital image of the customer's designee, or a greeting from the customer to the customer's
15 designee. This personal digital data can be displayed on the color image display 532 for a specified period (e.g., five seconds) when the digital image display device 500 is turned on.

The configured firmware stored in the firmware memory 528 can also include firmware that provides various other features, selected by the
20 customer in block 110 of FIG. 2. These features can include:

Configuring the digital image display device 500 to convert color images to different types of images before displaying the images, to provide monochrome, sepia, false-color, or super saturated color images;

Configuring the digital image display device 500 to support various
25 image file formats for the images stored on memory card 530, such as JPEG, TIFF, and JPEG2000;

Configuring the digital image display device 500 to provide the ability to modify captured images as they are processed, such as by digital zooming and cropping, tone or color adjustments, or sharpness adjustments; and

Configuring the digital image display device 500 to transmit or receive images from an electronic network, such as the Internet, using the modem 540, for example, as described in commonly-assigned U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/004,046, filed January 7, 1998 (docket 75,275) to Ward,
5 the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference.

FIGS. 7A and 7B depict a photographic film product, which is a one-time use (OTU) film camera 600 preloaded with film that can be personalized as part of the purchase transaction. The camera body is formed of plastic and is encased in an exterior camera package 610, to which the custom product labels 60
10 can be attached, for example, at a position 615. The camera package 610 comprises a main front cover section 612, a back cover section 614, a top section 620 and side and bottom sections which surround a light-tight, box shaped, camera body. The main front cover section 612 is provided with apertures for exposing a taking lens 616 and a viewfinder window 618 of the enclosed camera
15 body. The top section 620 has a pair of apertures for receiving a shutter release button 622 and for viewing an underlying exposure counter wheel number 624. An aperture for a viewfinder eyepiece 628 is provided in the back cover section 614 for the camera viewfinder window 618. A thumb wheel opening 630 permits a thumb wheel 640 to be exposed to be rotated by the user to advance the
20 filmstrip to the next image frame to be exposed. A film package of this type is available from the Eastman Kodak Company as the Fun Saver 35 and in other similar configurations.

FIG. 8 depicts a pre-exposed image on the film used in the OTU film camera 600 depicted in FIGS. 7A and 7B, or sold as a separate film box. A
25 filmstrip leader 702 and a first image frame 700a of a filmstrip 700 are depicted withdrawn from a film cartridge door 734 of a film cartridge 730. The film cartridge 730 includes a cartridge shell 736 extending between end plates 738 and enclosing a hub 732 in a manner well known in the art. The film cartridge 730 is preferably of the thrust type having a light tight film cartridge door 734 that can be
30 opened to advance the filmstrip 700 out of or back into the film cartridge 730. In

this regard, the cartridge hub 732 can be engaged by a drive member (not shown) and rotated in both directions to assist in ejecting or retracting the filmstrip 700 out of and back into the open film cartridge door 734. The various embodiments of the invention can also be practiced with the standard film cartridges of the 35 mm type. The filmstrip leader 702 includes closely spaced perforations 728 for automatic film advance mechanisms used in cameras. The filmstrip 702 includes magnetic tracks G01-G0n which, in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, are recorded with data identifying specific services to be provided by a photofinisher. It will be understood that the track size, number of tracks, and placement on the filmstrip leader 702 depicted in FIG. 8 are arbitrary and not to scale. One or more image frames, such as frame 700a, are pre-exposed with latent images when the OTU film camera 600 is configured by the product configuration system 50 in FIG. 1. The latent images are produced from digital images supplied by the customer as part of block 870 in FIG. 10.

FIG. 8 also illustrates a further embodiment of the invention, wherein the filmstrip 700 and the cartridge 730 are intended to be used in a reloadable film camera, rather than in a one-time use camera. In this aspect, the filmstrip 700 can be wound into the cartridge 730 and placed in a film package 750 for shipping to retail dealers. In this embodiment, the arrangement including the filmstrip 700 incorporated into the cartridge 730, and the film package 750, is a photographic film product. The film package 750 can be, for example, a box, a canister, or any other suitable container, and can include the graphics, text and colors typically employed to identify the brand, manufacturer, film speed, and type of film in a manner well known in the art. It can also include one or more areas 752 to which the custom product labels 60 can be affixed. The custom product label 60 can include a digitally printed image supplied by the customer as part of block 110 in FIG. 2. The custom product label 60 can also include text indicating the specific services to be provided by the photofinisher.

FIG. 9 is a block diagram of a system used to personalize the OTU film camera 700 depicted in FIG. 7. FIG. 9 includes a magnetic recording

subsystem 810 for recording the data in the magnetic tracks G01-G0n, and a subsystem 800 for making latent image exposures on one or more of the image frames 700a, as part of the process of configuring the filmstrip 700 by the product configuration system 50 of FIG. 1. The system is controlled by a system controller 820 which is in turn controlled by the manufacturing customization computer 52. The filmstrip 700 is partly withdrawn from the cartridge 730 and advanced past a perforation sensor 850. Advancement is effected by commands from the system controller 820 applied to a mechanism for opening the film cartridge door 734 of the film cartridge 730 and rotating hub 732 to eject the filmstrip leader 702 and drive it between a first driven roller 822 and an idler roller 824. A drive roller motor (not shown) rotates the driven roller 822 and the idler motor 824 in a first direction in response to drive signals received from the system controller 820. The filmstrip leader 702 is then advanced between a backing support 834 and a magnetic read/write head 836, and magnetic recording in the tracks G01-G0n is effected by signals applied to the magnetic recording read/write head 836 from the system controller 820. The lengths of the tracks G01-G0n are controlled by signals received from a perforation sensor 850. The specific data recorded in magnetic recording tracks G01-G0n is provided by the manufacturing customization computer 52. After the tracks are recorded, the first drive motor direction is reversed to drive the filmstrip 700 back into the cartridge 730, and the film cartridge door 734 is closed.

The subsystem 800 of FIG. 9 enables the digital images provided by the product configuration system 50 to be exposed on one or more image frames 700a. In order to do so, the filmstrip 700 is advanced in a dark enclosure out of the film cartridge door 734. Then, the filmstrip image frames are advanced an image frame at a time through a latent image exposure station 838 and between the second motor driven roller 826 and the idler roller 828 to present each image frame to be exposed into the exposure gate 848.

The latent image exposure can be produced using various methods. Some customers will purchase a large lot of OTU cameras 600 or packaged film

rolls 750 that are to be produced having the same pre-exposed images. For example, several thousand single-use "Packer football" cameras, having a pre-exposed image of quarterback Brett Farve, could be ordered for sale at a Packer football game. In this case, a digital image of Brett Farve would be provided by
5 the customer as personalized digital data as the lot of OTU cameras 600 is purchased. The manufacturing customization computer 52 could connect to a digital hardcopy printer, such as a Kodak XLS 8650 thermal dye sublimation printer (not shown), in order to produce a transparency 842 (in FIG. 9) of the Brett Farve image. The product label printer 58 is used to produce the custom product
10 labels 60 which can include text, for example, "Packer Backer Camera," and a low resolution image of Brett Farve. The custom product labels 60 are affixed to the OTU camera 600 (at position 615), or the film package (at position 752).

The transparency 842 containing the transparency image to be pre-exposed on the film is illuminated by a light source 840, and the image is
15 projected in focus on the area 700a by an imaging lens 846 when a shutter 844 is opened. The filmstrip 700 is clamped in an exposure gate 848. The exposure is effected through the opening and closing of the shutter 844 which is operated by signals from the system controller 820. Different latent image exposures can be provided using multiple transparencies and a motorized transparency transport
20 system (not shown). After one or more of the image frames 700a are exposed in this fashion, the motor driven rollers 822 and 826, and the hub 732, are operated in the second direction to retract the filmstrip 700 back into the film cartridge 730. The film cartridge door 734 of the film cartridge 730 is then closed under control of the system controller 820. To prevent re-exposure of the pre-exposed frames,
25 the film is then placed in the OTU camera 600 and the filmstrip 700 is advanced past the pre-exposed frames. When the film cartridge 730 is separately packaged in the film package 750, the magnetic tracks recorded with each film frame indicate which image frames have been pre-exposed, using well-known mid-roll interrupt methods, to prevent re-exposure of the pre-exposed frames.

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Some customers will purchase relatively small lots of OTU cameras 600 or packaged film rolls 750. In this situation, instead of using the transparency 842 illuminated by the light source 840, the digital data can be provided directly to a high resolution digital film writer (not shown), such as a
5 monochrome CRT, which focuses a high resolution image through a red, green, and blue color filter wheel and onto the filmstrip 700. Other types of digital film writers, including writers using LCDs and LEDs, can alternatively be used.

FIG. 10 is a flow diagram of a typical purchase transaction for providing the personalized OTU cameras 600 depicted in FIG. 7 using the
10 apparatus depicted in FIG. 9. As shown in block 860, the customer, using a digital communication network, logs onto the channel 36, which can be the Internet as described earlier in relation to block 100 of FIG. 2.

In block 862, the product provider provides the customer with a menu of cameras and film, such as OTU cameras 600 in FIG. 7 and the packaged
15 film 750 in FIG. 8, that are available for customization. The menu can also include a list of services, such as:

Providing standard optical prints from the film images;
Providing a CD-R or floppy disk with the digitized film images;
Uploading the digitized film images to a web site provided by the
20 product provider, or alternatively, a web site designated by the user; and
E-mailing the images to one or more e-mail addresses provided by the user.

In block 864, the customer selects what type of product to purchase, and the desired quantity. At that point, in block 866, a menu of
25 customizable features that can be selected, and corresponding prices, is presented to the customer. In block 868, the customer selects the desired features of the product they decide to purchase.

The features from which the customer can select may include:

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Providing text, graphics, or digital images to create custom labels that are affixed to the OTU camera 600 in FIG. 7 or the film package 750 in FIG. 8;

5 Providing one or more digital images to be pre-exposed on the film contained within the OTU camera 600 in FIG. 7 or the film package 750 in FIG. 8;

10 Identifying, using magnetic tracks Gøñ in FIG. 8 that the film images should be chemically developed and then optically printed, or digitally scanned and digitally printed to produce one or more service prints for each exposed film frame, having a size (e.g., 3.5" x 5", 4" x 6") and finish (e.g., glossy, matt) selected by the user;

15 Identifying, using magnetic tracks Gøñ in FIG. 8 that the film images should be digitized and digitally processed to provide a modified image, such as monochrome, sepia, false-color, or super saturated color images, rather than normal color images;

Identifying, using magnetic tracks Gøñ in FIG. 8 that the film images should be digitized and stored on a digital media selected by the user, such as a floppy disk or PictureCD;

20 Identifying, using magnetic tracks Gøñ in FIG. 8, that the film images should be digitized and digitally processed to combine a border template with the film images, as described in commonly-assigned U.S. Patent No. 5,758,216 to Arnold, the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference;

25 Identifying, using magnetic tracks Gøñ in FIG. 8, that the film images should be digitized and the digital image files should be uploaded to the Internet to a prescribed Internet URL (Universal Resource Locator) provided by the customer, or to a service account provided by the product provider;

30 Identifying, using magnetic tracks Gøñ in FIG. 8, that the film images should be digitized and the digital image files should be e-mailed to one or more e-mail addresses provided by the customer; and

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Identifying, using magnetic tracks Gøn in FIG. 8, personal digital data, such as the name, address, or copyright notice of the camera owner. This information can be printed on the front or back of prints produced from the exposed film.

5 Depending on the features selected, the customer uploads the necessary digital images, graphics, name, copyright notice, e-mail addresses, or web URLs (block 870). The personalization information can also include an identifier for one or more border templates that can be provided by the product provider. For example, the customer may be a bride ordering several dozen OTU
10 cameras for a wedding. The bride can upload a digital image of the wedding couple, to be used to produce the custom product labels 60 along with a text message "John and Sue, January 28, 2000". The bride can select two 4x6 digital prints of each image made, and also select a border template having a wedding motif from a selection of border templates displayed in block 866. The template
15 can be further personalized by adding the same text message "John and Sue, January 28, 2000", or a different message. The bride can also decide to have a digital image file produced from each film frame and uploaded to a web site provided by the service provider, which can later be viewed by all the wedding guests.

20 In block 872, the customer enters delivery and billing information. This information identifies the customer and the customer's designee, as described earlier in relation to block 112 of FIG. 2. In block 872, the electronic database 44 provides the product configuration center 50 with the customer's selected configuration, and the personalization information.

25 In block 876, the manufacturing customization computer 52 controls a product label printer 58 in order to produce the custom product labels 60. These custom product labels 60 are then attached, for example, by glue or another lamination process, to the OTU camera 600 in FIG. 7 or the film package 750 in FIG. 8. The custom product labels 60 are provided in the color

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scheme selected by the customer in block 870, and include any special messages, logos, or images provided by the customer.

5 In block 878, the digital images are pre-exposed as latent images onto the film frames 700, and the magnetic tracks G0n of the film frames are recorded, as described earlier in relation to FIG. 9. The information recorded in the magnetic tracks identifies the services selected in block 868. For example, it identifies what quantity, size, and finish hard copy prints have been selected. It further identifies whether a template border file should be used, and if so, the identification number of the selected border and any text message that should be included in the border file. It further identifies whether the film images should be scanned and provided as digital files on a particular media, or uploaded to a web site or e-mailed to one or more addresses. In one embodiment of the present invention, all of this information is stored using the magnetic recording tracks Gn. In another embodiment, only an identification number is stored using the magnetic recording tracks Gn, or alternatively, using a bar code or other identification number on the OUT camera 600. This identification number is used to access a corresponding services file stored in the electronic database 44. When the filmstrip 700 is later developed, this identification number is read and used to access the appropriate services file to determine what services and customization options (e.g., border files) have been purchased by the customer.

15 In block 880, the shipping system 70, which communicates with the manufacturing customization computer 52, controls the shipping label printer 72 to produce the shipping label 74. The customized group of OUT cameras 600 or the packaged films 750 is placed in an appropriately sized shipping container (not shown), and the shipping label 74 is attached to the shipping container. In block 882, the shipping container is delivered to the customer or the customer's designee.

25 In block 884, the customers expose the film as in normal picture-taking, and submit the exposed film, or completely used OTU cameras 600, for development and services. This can be accomplished by mailing the film

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cartridges 730 or the OTU cameras 600 back to the product provider, or by taking the film cartridges 730 or OTU cameras 600 to a retail establishment associated with the product provider.

5 In block 886, the film magnetic tracks are read to determine the services that need to be provided. As described earlier in relation to block 878, this is done either by directly reading the services encoded as magnetically recorded information on the filmstrip 700, or alternatively, by reading the identification number recorded in the magnetic track or the bard code or ID number on the OUT camera 600 and using this identification number to access a
10 corresponding services file stored in electronic database 44, to determine what services and customization options have been purchased by the customer. In block 888, the appropriate prints, electronic media, and other services purchased by the customer are provided from the developed film images.

FIG. 11 is a flow diagram of a typical lease transaction for
15 providing personalized digital imaging products and services. In this embodiment, a customer leases a digital imaging device, such as the electronic camera 300. The lease can include, for example, a monthly fee for the use of both the electronic camera 300 and the use of services associated with the electronic camera 300. Alternatively, the lease can include payment for services associated
20 with the electronic camera 300 on an as-used basis.

As shown in block 150, the customer, using a digital communication network, logs onto the channel 36 which can be the Internet, as described earlier in relation to block 100 of FIG. 2.

In block 152, the service provider provides the customer with a
25 menu of imaging devices 80 that are available for lease, such as the electronic camera 300 depicted in FIG. 3, the APS film camera 350 depicted in FIG. 4, the digital printer 400 depicted in FIG. 5, and the digital image display device 500 depicted in FIG. 6. The menu can also include a list of services that can be provided.

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In block 154, the customer selects a desired type of imaging device 80 to lease, for example, the electronic camera 300. At that point, in block 156, a menu of customizable features and services that can be selected, and corresponding prices, is presented to the customer. In block 158, the customer
5 selects the personalization options for both the electronic camera 300, as well as the services that can be performed on digital images from the electronic camera 300.

The camera features from which the customer can select include those described earlier in relation to block 108 of FIG. 2. The services that can be
10 provided include:

Digitally printing images produced by the camera to produce one or more service prints for each exposed film frame, having a size (e.g., 3.5" x 5", 4" x 6") and finish (e.g., glossy, matt) selected by the customer, as well as an optional border template file or back printed information selected by the
15 customer;

Storing the digital images produced by the camera on a digital media selected by the customer, such as a PictureCD;

The service provider storing, and maintaining for a user selected period of time (e.g., 30 days, 1 year, or 10 years), the digital images produced by
20 the camera on an Internet accessible digital storage device, such as on a hard drive connected to an Internet server; and

E-mailing the digital images to one or more e-mail addresses provided by the customer.

Depending on the features selected, the customer provides
25 appropriate personalization information that will later be incorporated into the configured electronic camera 300 (block 160) as described earlier in relation to block 110 of FIG. 2, as well as personalization information for the selected services, such as the ID of the selected template file.

In block 162, the customer enters delivery and billing information,
30 as described earlier in relation to block 112 of FIG. 2. In block 164, the electronic

database 44 provides the product configuration center 50 with the customer's selected configuration and personalization information for the selected imaging device 80 and the selected services.

5 In block 168, the manufacturing customization computer 52 shown in FIG. 1 selects the particular software programs required to provide the features selected by the customer for the customer's selected imaging device 80, as described earlier in relation to block 118 of FIG. 2. The manufacturing customization computer 52 also controls the product label printer 58 in order to produce the custom product labels 60.

10 In block 170, the manufacturing customization computer 52 downloads the configured firmware to the imaging device 80 in order to provide a configured imaging device, such as a configured electronic camera 300.

15 In block 172, the shipping system 70, which communicates with manufacturing customization computer 52, controls the shipping label printer 72 to produce the shipping label 74. The configured electronic camera 300 or other imaging device 80 is placed in a shipping container (not shown), and the shipping label 74 is attached to the shipping container. In block 174, the configured electronic camera 300 or other imaging device 80 is delivered to the customer or the customer's designee.

20 In block 176, a service user account is established for the customer, which defines the services to be provided to the customer. This service account information can be provided as part of electronic database 44, or as a separate digital database. These services can be provided for digital images uploaded by the customer to the service provider via the channel 36, such as the Internet.

25 Alternatively, they could be provided by taking the removable memory 330 from the electronic camera 300 to a retail establishment associated with the service provider, and providing an appropriate service identifier, such as a service identification number. This service identification number can be stored in the firmware memory 328 of the electronic camera 300 by the manufacturing
30 customization computer 52 when the electronic camera 300 is configured. The

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service identification number can then be stored onto the removable flash memory 330, either as part of each image file, or as a separate digital record, so that it can be used to automatically access the service account for the user to determine what services should be provided. When desired, the customer can
5 modify the service user account to add additional services and to modify the lease agreement to include the additional services and to provide payment for such services.

A computer program product, such as a readable storage medium, can store the programs in accordance with the present invention for operating the
10 methods set forth above. The readable storage medium can be a magnetic storage media, such as a magnetic disk (such as a floppy disk) or magnetic tape; optical storage media, such as an optical disk, an optical tape, or a machine readable bar code; solid state electronic storage devices, such as a random access memory (RAM) or a read only memory (ROM); or any other physical device or medium
15 employed to store computer programs.

The present invention is not limited to the particular leasing and/or sales arrangements discussed above. Various other methods for providing photographic goods and services may be employed in accordance with the present invention. Referring to FIG. 12, there is illustrated a schematic diagram of an
20 alternate method and system 900 in accordance with the present invention, like numerals indicating like parts and operations as previously discussed. A consumer or customer desiring to utilize the system 900 would access a service provider 908 via any appropriate communication network using an appropriate input station. Examples of suitable input stations are illustrated in FIG.12. For
25 example, a personal computer 910, a kiosk 912 at retail location, a cable set top box 914, cellular phone 915, or a hard wired phone 917. With respect to the use of computer 910, communication with photographic service provider 908 is accomplished through the use of an internet service provider 918 which provides communication via the internet 919. The user can input selections utilizing
30 software provided by the service provider 908 or a third party. The software could

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include a menu of cameras to be selected and a menu of photographic product/service plans to be supplied by photographic product/service provider 908. The service provider 908 could be a photofinishing wholesale lab, a minilab, a retail store, etc. As illustrated the service provider 908 has a server 920 for communication to various input stations. The server 920 is in communication with a computer 922 which includes image data base 924 for storing digital images sent to the service provider 908 and a customer data base 926 for associating the stored digital images with particular customer. The service provider 908 is associated with a fulfillment provider 918 that provides the goods and/or services being requested by the customer through the service provider 908. These goods and services may comprise the purchase and/or lease of any goods and/or services, including but not limited to prints, mugs, digital image storage and remote access, photo CD, reprints, image services, etc. The fulfillment provider 918 may be separate or be incorporated as a part of the service provider 908.

As previously noted digital images and customer orders for goods and/or services can be obtained and communicated to service provider 908 by various means. For example a digital camera 928 may be used for capturing of digital images which can down loaded to personal computer 910, phone 917, or kiosk 912. The digital images and orders can then be forwarded to access service provider 908 through internet service provider (ISP) 932 and internet 919.

Alternatively, digital images may be forwarded to service provider 908 from cable box 914 which is communication with a cable head end server 938 of a local cable service provider 939. The cable box 914 is hook to an associated television and/or monitor 941. The cable service provider 939 may also have a digital storage device 940 for storing digital images and associated information forwarded from the cable box 914. Digital images may be inputted into cable box 914 using digital camera 928 and appropriate Universal Serial Bus (USB) port provided on box 914. A touch pad 936 on box 914 or remote cable box control device may be used to program box 914 for receiving and/or transmitting of

images and associated data to and from server 938. An advantage of using a local cable provider 939 is that transmissions to and from the cable box 914 is on a broadband communication network which allows for the quick transmission of large digital data files such as that associated with digital image files.

5 Additionally use of a cable box avoids the necessity of a customer to have a computer in the house and pay additional communication fees for an ISP and/or extra communication lines. When an image is uploaded to the cable service provider 939 it is preferably done at a high resolution. This allows the cable service provider 939 to be able forward on as a high resolution digital image or as
10 low resolution image, retaining the high resolution image at data base 940. This is of additional advantage in the situation when the customer forwards the image to another third person, such as a relative, who does not have a computer, but has a cable box 914. The low resolution image can be forwarded to the third party and the third party can place an customer order as previously discussed with the image
15 service provider 908. The high resolution image would then be sent to the service provider 908 avoiding the necessity of sending the high resolution to the third party, and thus, making it more efficient image transmission system for all involved. An acknowledgement can be sent to the original customer advising the customer that the third party has placed an order using one of the forwarded
20 images. A confirmation message can also be sent to the third party customer through use of the cable box 914. The original customer can also place a customer image order with the service provider 908 which is to be forwarded to a designated third party and confirmation of this can be forwarded to the designated third party. The customer image order may comprise, but not limited to print, a
25 product having an image, for example, a mousepad, puzzle, shirt, album page, etc.

At any of the input stations a user can select a camera from a menu of cameras or other available goods or services. In the situation where photographic input station is located at a retail location, the customer could also have the option of trying out several selected cameras to decide which camera the
30 customer would prefer. At the same time, the customer can select a photographic

product/service plan from a menu of available plans that is associated with the selected camera. The photographic product/service plan will define the photographic products and/or services that are associated with the selected camera.

The photographic product/service plan would also be set for a
5 monthly or yearly fee in which a predetermined amount of photographic services and/or products, as discussed above, are provided to the user for the designated fee. Once the user selects the camera and the photographic product/service plan, this information is entered into a customer data base to set up a user product/service account indicative of the selected camera and the selected photographic
10 product/service plan. The data base stores the information with respect the selected camera and the selected photographic product/service plan, and is further adapted to update the user product/service account as services and/or products are provided to the customer. In addition more than one plan may be associated with a single input station. Separate accounts can then be set up with respect to an individual
15 and/or a particular camera or other product. An account ID or product serial number could be used for identification of a particular account.

In the case where the selected camera is a film camera or hybrid digital-film camera, the photographic product/service plan can provide photographic services and/or products such as supplying a selected amount of
20 photographic prints from rolls of film exposed by the selected camera 14a, automatically supplying additional rolls of unexposed film at a predetermined rate. The predetermined rate may be at a specific cycle rate, for example, five rolls of film per month, a new roll when an exposed roll is received, or upon request. Further, the photographic product/service can include scanning images on the film
25 exposed by the selected camera 928 to create a digital record of the image. As a further option, the photographic product/service plan can include scanning the film exposed by the selected camera and providing a disk or photo CD of the scanned images. As a yet further option, the digital record of the scanned images can be returned to a user or designated recipient electronically via, for example, internet..
30 A further option can involve scanning and storing the images for a predetermined

amount of time. Other options available under the photographic product/service plan could include the creation of image products 14a such as cups, mugs, T-shirts, etc.

In the case where the selected camera is a digital camera, the
5 photographic product/service plan could provide photographic services and/or products in the form of (1) the electronic storage of images captured by the camera for a predetermined amount of time as set in the photographic product/service plan; (2) the electronic forwarding of images captured by the camera to a designated recipient; (3) the provision of prints of images captured by the digital camera; (4)
10 the provision of an image product such as a T-shirt for an image captured by the camera; or (5) a disk having the images captured by the selected camera.

Of course, it is noted that under the system and method of the present invention, the user is not limited to pre-selected services and/or products under a plan. With the system and method of the present invention, a user can
15 create personal customized plans which only includes services and/or products specifically chosen by him/her.

Thus, for a periodic fee such as a monthly or yearly fee, the user would have photographic services and/or products as described above rendered to images digitally captured and/or film exposed by the selected camera. The
20 fulfillment center 918 operationally associated with photographic product/service provider 908 would continually update the created user product/service account as photographic services and/or products are rendered to a user and/or completed.

At the end of the account, subscription or contract, the user may have the option of keeping the selected camera at no cost, purchasing the selected
25 camera at a reduced rate, or exchanging the selected camera for a new camera.

Thus, an advantage of the system and method of the present invention is that it provides for a convenient way for a consumer to use a high end digital camera at a low front end cost. It further permits the consumer to bundle the use of the selected camera with a variety of customer product/service plans
30 which can be customized in accordance with the consumer's preference.

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The invention has been described in detail with particular reference to certain preferred embodiments thereof, but it will be understood that variations and modifications can be effected within the scope of the present invention. The present invention being limited by the claims that follow.

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PARTS LIST

10	computer
12	CPU motherboard
14	display monitor
16	keyboard
18	mouse
20	hard drive
22	dial-in modem
24	color scanner
30	Internet service provider equipment
32	modem
34	computers / routers
36	channel
40	product customization center
42	Internet server
44	electronic database
46	billing system
50	product configuration system
52	manufacturing customization computer
54	product firmware database
58	product label printer
60	custom label
70	shipping system
72	shipping label printer
74	shipping label
80	customized imaging device
300	electronic camera
302	flash
303	user controls
304	control processor and timing generator circuit
306	clock driver
308	autofocus and autoexposure detectors
310	zoom and focus motor drives

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312	zoom lens
314	image sensor
316	analog signal processing and analog-to-digital converter circuit
318	DRAM buffer memory
320	image processor
322	host interface
324	memory card interface
326	RAM memory
328	firmware memory
330	flash memory card
332	image display
340	host computer
342	interface cable
350	film camera
352	zoom lens
354	zoom and focus motors
356	autofocus and autoexposure detectors
358	flash
360	magnetic writer unit
362	film transport unit
364	control processor
366	host interface
367	interface cable
368	RAM memory
370	firmware memory
372	user controls
374	LCD display
380	APS film
400	digital printer
410	media transport mechanism
412	marking apparatus
420	processor
424	memory card interface

426	RAM memory
428	firmware memory
430	removable memory card
432	display
440	host computer
442	host interface
500	digital image display device
520	processor
526	RAM memory
528	firmware memory
530	removable memory card
532	color image display
540	host computer
542	host interface
544	modem
600	one-time use film camera
610	exterior camera package
612	main front cover section
614	back cover section
615	position
616	taking lens
618	viewfinder window
620	top section
622	shutter release button
624	exposure counter wheel number
628	viewfinder eyepiece
630	thumb wheel opening
640	thumb wheel
700	filmstrip
700a	first image frame
702	filmstrip leader
728	perforation
730	film cartridge

732 hub
734 film cartridge door
736 cartridge shell
738 end plates
750 film package
752 area
800 subsystem
810 magnetic recording subsystem
820 system controller
822 motor driven roller
824 idler roller
826 motor driven roller
828 idler roller
832 hub
834 backing support
836 magnetic read/write head
840 light source
842 transparency
844 shutter
846 imaging lens
848 exposure gate
850 perforation sensor
860 block
862 block
864 block
866 block
868 block
870 block
872 block
874 block
876 block
878 block
880 block

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882 block
884 block
886 block
888 block
908 service provider
910 personal computer
912 kiosk
914 cable set top box
915 cellular phone
917 phone
918 fulfillment provider
919 Internet
920 server
922 computer
924 image database
926 customer database
928 digital camera
932 Internet Service Provider (ISP)
936 touch pad
939 cable service provider
940 digital storage device
941 TV/monitor

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